

Customer Release Notes Fiery Driver 2.0.x for Linux

This document contains important information about Fiery Driver installation on Linux OS. Be sure to provide this information to all users before proceeding with the installation.

System requirements

To run the Fiery Driver, your Linux computer must meet the following minimum requirements.

Linux OS	• Kylin Linux 10.x
Configuration	• A monitor that supports a minimum display resolution of 1920 x 1080.

Supported languages

Fiery Driver 2.0.x for Linux supports English and Simplified Chinese.

Installation

Install Fiery Driver 2.0.x using the Fiery Driver window

After extracting the tar.xz file, you can use the Fiery Printer Driver file to install the Fiery Driver.

You must uninstall Fiery Driver v1.0.x before proceeding with the installation of Fiery Driver v2.0.x.

- 1 Download the ProductName.tar.xz onto the Linux client computer and then extract the contents in one of the following ways:
 - Open the Terminal application and type \$ tar -xvf ProductName.tar.xz
 - Right-click and open the ProductName.tar.xz with your installed archive manager.

When you extract the tar.xz file, the Fiery_Printer_Driver folder is created at the same location. The Fiery_Printer_Driver folder contains the printer driver installation files.

- 2 Change your working directory to the Fiery_Printer_Driver folder.
- **3** Double-click the Fiery Printer Driver file to start the installation.



- 4 Click Agree to agree to the terms of the license agreement.
- **5** Type your user name and password when prompted.

Note: You must be the administrator or a user with Administrator privileges to install printer drivers.

Note: If a previous version of Fiery Driver v2.0.x exists on your Linux client computer, click **OK** to replace and update the printer driver. You may also need to create a new printer queue.

- 6 Click Install.
- 7 After the Fiery Driver is installed, click Add New Printer.
- **8** Choose a printer to connect to the Fiery Driver.

The Fiery Driver files will be copied to the destination folders on the Linux OS. When the installation is complete, you will be prompted to create a print queue. For more information, see Configuring a print queue on page 2.

Configuring a print queue

After you install the Fiery Driver, you will be prompted to create a print queue. Creating a print queue is optional and you can type **n** in the command line to end the process.

Note: The Fiery Driver installer must be started again using **\$sudo** ./install.sh to create a print queue at a later time.

You can install a print queue using one of the following methods:

- The Fiery Driver installer. It is recommended to use the Fiery Driver installer to create a print queue. For more information, see Add a print queue with the Fiery Driver installer on page 2.
- The Print Manager GUI. For more information, go to Setting Up Printers by Using CUPS Print Manager.
- The CUPS web interface. For more information, go to http://localhost:631/.
- The lpadmin command. For more information, go to https://www.cups.org/doc/man-lpadmin.html.

Add a print queue with the Fiery Driver installer

You can add a print queue with the Fiery Driver installer after installing the Fiery Driver.

- 1 Install the Fiery Driver. (See Install Fiery Driver 2.0.x using the Fiery Driver window on page 1.)
- 2 In the Printers localhost window, click Add.
- 3 In the Devices list, expand the Network Printers and select LPD/LPR Host or Printer.
- 4 In the Host field, type the IP address of your Fiery server.
- 5 In the Queue field, type the name of the queue that you want to set up (print, hold, direct or the name of the virtual printer).
- 6 Click Forward.
- 7 Select any desired installable options and click Forward.
- 8 In the **Printer Name** field, do one of the following:
 - Use the default printer name, which is the Fiery server name.
 - Type a name for your printer.

When typing a new name, use the format **newname-X.X.X.X**, where "X.X.X.X" is the IPv4 address for the Fiery server. The new printer name cannot include spaces or special characters since these may cause errors during printing.

9 (Optional) Type a description for the printer in the **Description** field.

10 (Optional) Type a location for the printer in the **Location** field.

- 11 Click Apply.
- 12 (Optional) Click Print a Test Page.

The desired print queue will be added to the Fiery server.

Printing

Print with Fiery Driver 2.0.x for Linux

After you install the Fiery Driver, you can print any document using the Terminal application.

- **1** Open the Terminal application.
- 2 Type **\$ fieryprint -p** [**path**], where [**path**] is your desired file path.
- **3** In the **Fiery Print** window, click **Browse** and select the file to be printed. After you select a file, the file path appears in the **File Name** field.
- 4 Select your desired print queue from the Fiery Print window.
- 5 (Optional) Click Preferences to apply any desired print options for your job. Click OK.If you choose not to set additional print options, the Fiery Driver defaults will be used.
- 6 Click Print.

Uninstall

Uninstall Linux OS printer drivers

You can use the Terminal application to remove a printer and corresponding printer driver with command-line functions on Linux OS.

Before you begin, make sure you close all applications and no active jobs are printing from any of the installed print queues.

- **1** Open the Terminal application.
- 2 Change your working directory to the Fiery_Printer_Driver folder.
- 3 Type sudo ./uninstall.sh
- **4** Type your password, when prompted.

Note: You must be the administrator or a user with Administrator privileges to remove printer drivers.

Known limitations

Fiery Driver 2.0.x for Linux

- 1 When you print directly from any application on the Linux OS by selecting File > Print, Fiery Driver properties and Fiery settings may not be displayed. You can print using the Terminal application to open the Printing Preferences window.
- **2** Only documents in file formats that CUPS supports (PDF, PostScript, image files, such as JPG and JPEG files, and some native operating system text files) can be printed using the Terminal application.

For other applications, such as WPS Office and LibreOffice, the document should be converted to a PDF file and then printed using the Terminal application.

- **3** Before you print a job, navigate to the **Output paper size** print option in **Printing Preferences** and select the same paper size as your job. For example, if a job is 11x17, you must also select 11x17 for the **Output paper size** print option.
- **4** The Fiery Driver 2.0.x for Linux may not display finishing print options when using a Bonjour connection. Instead we recommend creating an LPD/IPP queue with the printer's IP address/DNS name.
- **5** When the End User License Agreement (EULA) appears in the Fiery Driver 2.0 for Linux installer, the https://www.fiery.com/ hyperlink will not open the web page when clicked. To view https://www.fiery.com/, open a browser with the required permissions to open webpages, copy and paste or type the URL, and press the **Enter** key.
- **6** Some UI display issues may occur in the Fiery Driver when retrieving and displaying more than 500 paper catalog entries.
- 7 When the Linux OS uses a dark theme and the **Fiery Print** window is launched from the Terminal, the dark theme in the operating system may not show when using the Fiery Driver.
- 8 When the Linux OS uses a Kylin theme and the **Fiery Print** window is launched from the Terminal, the Kylin theme may not show when using the Fiery Driver, and the UI controls may be displayed without any outline border.
- **9** If you select the **Factory Default** preset, enter new values for print options, and select the **Factory Default** preset again, some print option values in the **Job info** tab will not revert to their default values.
- 10 When you print a PDF using the Fiery Driver for Linux and the Combine separations print option is set to On, the color separations may still print separately. To print properly with the Combine separations feature, open the Advanced Print Setup window in Adobe Acrobat and select Separations for the Color option under Output.
- 11 When you send a PDF job containing an embedded RGB or CMYK profile for printing on the Kylin OS, the generated PostScript file omits the color profile embedded in the original job. As a result, even when the Use RGB embedded profiles print option or Use CMYK embedded profiles print option is selected, it will not affect the printed job. As a workaround, you can select a different Fiery color profile available in the Fiery Driver.
- 12 Only document sizes that match the default page size, such as Letter or A4, will work correctly when the booklet option is set to 1-up Perfect binder. Other page sizes that are not the default may have truncated content in the printed job when the booklet option is set to 1-up Perfect binder.



客户发行说明 适用于 Linux 的 Fiery Driver 2.0.x

本文档包含有关在 Linux 操作系统上安装 Fiery Driver 的重要信息。请确保为所有用户提供这些信息,然后再继续安装。

系统要求

要运行 Fiery Driver,您的 Linux 计算机必须满足以下最低要求。

Linux 操作系统	•	Kylin Linux 10.x
配置	•	支持最小显示分辨率为 1920 x 1080 的显示器。

支持的语言

Fiery Driver 2.0.x for Linux 支持英文和简体中文。

安装

通过 Fiery Driver 窗口安装 Fiery Driver 2.0.x

解压 tar.xz 文件后,您可以使用 Fiery Printer Driver 文件安装 Fiery Driver。 安装 Fiery Driver v2.0.x 之前,必须安装 Fiery Driver v1.0.x。

1 将 ProductName.tar.xz 下载到 Linux 客户端计算机上,然后通过以下方式之一提取内容:

- 打开终端应用程序并输入 \$ tar -xvf ProductName. tar. xz
- 单击鼠标右键并使用已安装的存档管理器打开 ProductName.tar.xz。

解压缩.xz 文件时,将在同一位置创建 Fiery_Printer_Driver 文件夹。Fiery_Printer_Driver 文件夹包 含打印机驱动程序安装文件。

- 2 将工作目录更改为 Fiery_Printer_Driver 文件夹。
- 3 双击 Fiery Printer Driver 文件以开始安装操作。

- 4 单击同意以同意许可证协议的条款。
- 5 请按提示输入用户名和密码。

注释:您必须是管理员或具有管理员权限的用户才能安装打印机驱动程序。

注释:如果 Linux 客户端计算机上存在以前版本的 Fiery Driver v2.0.x,请 单击确定替换并更新打印机 驱动程序。您可能还需要创建新打印机队列。

- 6 单击安装。
- 7 Fiery Driver 安装完成后,单击添加新打印机。
- 8 选择要连接到 Fiery Driver 的打印机。

Fiery Driver 文件将被复制到 Linux 操作系统上的目标文件夹。安装完之后,系统将提示您创建打印队列。 有关详细信息,请参阅 配置打印队列(第6页)。

配置打印队列

安装 Fiery Driver 之后 ,系统将提示您创建打印队列。创建打印队列是可选的,您可以在命令行中输入 n 以结束该过程。

注释: 必须使用 \$sudo ./install.sh 重新启动 Fiery Driver 安装程序,以便稍后创建打印队列。

您可以使用以下方法之一安装打印队列:

- Fiery Driver 安装程序。建议使用 Fiery Driver 安装程序创建打印队列。有关详细信息,请参阅 通过 Fiery Driver 安装程序添加打印队列(第6页)。
- 打印管理器图形用户界面。有关详细信息,请访问使用 CUPS (通用 Unix 打印系统)打印管理器设置打印 机。
- CUPS 网络界面。有关详细信息,请访问 http://localhost:631/。
- lpadmin 命令。了解更多信息,请转至 https://www.cups.org/doc/man-lpadmin.html.

通过 Fiery Driver 安装程序添加打印队列

安装 Fiery Driver 后,您可以通过 Fiery Driver 安装程序添加打印队列。

- 1 安装 Fiery Driver。(请参阅 通过 Fiery Driver 窗口安装 Fiery Driver 2.0.x(第5页)。)
- 2 在打印机 localhost 窗口中,单击添加。
- 3 在设备列表中,展开网络打印机列表,然后选择 LPD/LPR 主机或打印机。
- 4 在主机字段中,输入 Fiery 服务器的 IP 地址。
- 5 在队列字段中,输入要设置的队列名称(打印、保留、直接或者虚拟打印机名称)。
- 6 单击下一个。
- 7 选择任何所需的可安装的选项,然后单击下一个。
- 8 在**打印机名称**字段中,执行以下操作之一:
 - 使用默认打印机名称,即 Fiery 服务器名称。
 - 键入您的打印机名称。

键入新名称时,请使用**新名称-X.X.X.X**格式,其中"X.X.X.X"是 Fiery 服务器的 IPv4 地址。新的打印机名称不能包含空格或特殊字符,因为这些可能会导致打印过程中出现错误。

- 9 (可选操作)在描述字段中为打印机输入描述内容。
- 10 (可选操作) 在位置字段中输入打印机的位置。
- 11 单击**应用**。
- 12 (可选操作)单击打印测试页面。

所需的打印队列将添加到 Fiery 服务器。

打印

使用适用于 Linux 的 Fiery Driver 2.0.x 打印

安装后 Fiery Driver 后,您可以使用终端应用程序打印任何文档。

- 1 打开终端应用程序。
- 2 输入 \$ fieryprint -p [路径],其中[路径]是您所需的文件路径。
- **3** 在 Fiery Print 窗口中,单击**浏览**,然后选择要打印的文件。 选择文件后,文件路径将显示在**文件名称**字段中。
- 4 从 Fiery Print 窗口中选择所需的打印队列。
- 5 (可选操作)单击**预置**,为作业应用所需的任何打印选项。单击**确定**。 如果选择不设置其他打印选项,将使用 Fiery Driver 默认值。
- 6 单击打印。

卸载

卸载 Linux OS 的打印机驱动程序

可以使用终端应用程序移除 Linux OS 中具有命令行功能的打印机和对应的打印机驱动程序。 开始之前,请确保关闭所有应用程序,并且任何已安装的打印队列中都没有正在打印的作业。

- 1 打开终端应用程序。
- 2 将工作目录更改为 Fiery_Printer_Driver 文件夹。
- 3 输入 sudo./uninstall.sh
- 4 请按提示输入密码。

注释: 您必须是管理员或具有管理员权限的用户才能移除打印机驱动程序。

已知限制

适用于 Linux 的 Fiery Driver 2.0.x

- **1** 当您通过选择**文件** > **打印**直接从 Linux OS 上的应用程序打印时,可能无法显示 Fiery Driver 属性和 Fiery 设定。您可以使用终端应用程序打印,以打开**打印预置**窗口。
- 2 只有 CUPS 支持的文件格式 (如 PDF、PostScript、图像文件,包括 JPG 和 JPEG 文件,以及一些本机操 作系统的文本文件)的文档才能通过终端应用程序进行打印。

对于其他应用程序(例如 WPS Office 和 LibreOffice),文档应转换为 PDF 文件,然后使用终端应用程序打印。

- 3 在打印作业之前,导航到打印首选项中的输出纸张大小打印选项,并选择与作业相同的纸张大小。例如,如 果作业为 11x17,则输出纸张大小打印选项也必须选择 11x17。
- 4 使用 Bonjour 连接时,适用于 Linux 的 Fiery Driver 2.0.x 可能无法显示输出处理打印选项。我们建议 使用打印机的 IP 地址/DNS 名称创建 LPD/IPP 队列。
- 5 当最终用户许可证协议 (EULA) 出现在适用于 Linux 的 Fiery Driver 2.0 安装程序中时,单击 https://www.fiery.com/ 超链接不会打开网页。若要查看 https://www.fiery.com/,请打开具有打开网页所需权限 的浏览器,复制并粘贴或键入 URL, 然后按 Enter 键。
- 6 当检索和显示超过 500 条纸张目录条目时, Fiery Driver 中可能会出现某些 UI 显示问题。
- 7 如果 Linux OS 使用的是深色主题,并且 Fiery Print 窗口是从终端启动的,则在使用 Fiery Driver 时,操作系统的深色主题可能不会正常显示。
- 8 如果 Linux OS 使用的是 Kylin 主题,并且 Fiery Print 窗口是从终端启动的,则在使用 Fiery Driver 时, Kylin 主题可能不会正常显示,并且所显示的 UI 控件可能没有任何轮廓边框。
- 9 如果选择出厂默认值预设,为打印选项输入新值,然后再次选择出厂默认值预设,则作业信息标签中的某些 打印选项值将不会还原为其默认值。
- 10 当您使用适用于 Linux 的 Fiery Driver 打印 PDF,并且组合分色打印选项设置为开,则颜色分色可能仍 会单独打印。要使用组合分色功能正确打印,请在 Adobe Acrobat 中打开高级打印设定窗口,然后在输出 下为颜色选项选择分色。
- 11 当您发送包含嵌入的 RGB 或 CMYK 特性档的 PDF 作业以在 Kylin OS 上打印时,生成的 PostScript 文件 将忽略原始作业中嵌入的颜色特性档。因此,即使选择了使用 RGB 嵌入的特性档打印选项或使用 CMYK 嵌 入的特性档打印选项,也不会影响已打印的作业。为解决此问题,您可以选择 Fiery Driver 中提供的其他 Fiery 颜色特性档。
- 12 只有与默认页面大小匹配的文档大小(如 Letter 或 A4)才能在将小册子选项设置为一合一无线装订器时 正常工作。当小册子选项设置为一合一无线装订器时,其他非默认的页面大小可能会截断打印作业中的内容。